

**Table of Contents**  
**Word Study Packet**  
**Dates: April 20-May 1**

8<sup>th</sup> Grade  
English

<b>DAY DATE</b>	<b>PAGES</b>	<b>TITLE</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>1-4</b>	<b>Roots Notes &amp; Latin Roots I</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>5-7</b>	<b>Latin Roots II</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>8-10</b>	<b>Greek Roots I</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>11-13</b>	<b>Greek Roots II</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>14-17</b>	<b>Spec &amp; Rupt</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>18-21</b>	<b>Prefixes/ Suffixes Notes &amp; Prefixes I</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>22-24</b>	<b>Prefixes II</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>25-27</b>	<b>Suffixes I</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>28-30</b>	<b>Suffixes II</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>31-34</b>	<b>Mis &amp; Ian/Or</b>



NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

Read and take notes.

## RECOGNIZING WORD ROOTS

### Introduction

In the English language, many words have a "core" section, or root. Consider, for example, the word *prediction*. *Pre-* and *-tion* attach to the root, *-dic-*, which means "say" in Latin. A prediction is something "said before" an event happens.

Some common roots include *dark* in *darkness*, *sad* in *sadness*, and *ground* in *foreground*. You might say that roots are the building blocks of our language. Roots are an important reading and vocabulary tool, because they can help you figure out the meaning of words that are unfamiliar.

Read the passage below from "King Arthur: The Marvel of the Sword" by Mary MacLeod.

Then Uther Pendragon turned and said in hearing of them all: "I give my son Arthur God's blessing and mine, and bid him pray for my soul, and righteously and honorably claim the crown, on forfeiture of my blessing."

And with that, King Uther died.

But Arthur was still only a baby, not two years old, and Merlin knew it would be no use yet to proclaim him King. For there were many powerful nobles in England in those days, who were all trying to get the kingdom for themselves, and perhaps they would kill the little Prince. So there was much strife and debate in the land for a long time.

There are several roots in the above passage. For example, notice the word *proclaim*. If you are not familiar with a word like *proclaim* in your reading, see if the word contains a root. In this case, the root of *proclaim* is *claim*, which means "to assert." When you see that root together with the prefix *pro-*, which means "forward" or "before," you can infer that the word *proclaim* means "to assert in front of the people," or "to announce officially."

On the chart below, you will see how three words from the passage—*proclaim*, *righteously*, and *honorably*—are formed from root words. Notice that *righteously* is formed from the root *right* plus two suffixes: *-(e)ous*, meaning "full of," and *-ly* meaning "in the manner of." In the same way, *honorably* is formed from the root *honor* plus the suffix *-able*, which means "having qualities of," and the suffix *-ly*.

Word	Root of Word	Meaning of Root	Meaning of Word
proclaim	claim	to assert	to announce publicly
righteously	right	just, lawful	in a morally just way
honorably	honor	reputation for goodness and justice	in a worthy, upright way

# Words with Latin Roots, I

Use these words to complete  
pages 3+4.



**M**any English words have roots that can be traced back to ancient Latin. Some Latin roots (with their meanings in parentheses) are *doc* (teach), *pater*, *patr* (father), *rupt* (break), *trib* (give), and *var* (different).

1. contribute (v): to give or supply  
I contribute to charity as much as possible.
2. patriarch (n): the male leader of a family or tribe  
The patriarch of the tribe was a wise man.
3. variety (n): the quality or condition of being diverse; an assortment  
Mom brought a variety of flowers to plant in the yard.
4. abrupt (adj): unexpectedly sudden; impulsive  
The abrupt change in the weather surprised everyone.
5. document (n): a written record; certificate; (v): to prove, certify, or validate  
A birth certificate is an official document.  
Erik had to document his sources for his history report.
6. various (adj): of diverse or different kinds; several  
There were various reasons for not going on vacation last year.
7. tributary (n): a stream or river that flows into a larger stream or river  
The Missouri River is the Mississippi River's main tributary.
8. doctrine (n): an idea; beliefs or principles; a rule  
The president announced his doctrine for conducting foreign policy.
9. paternal (adj): of or pertaining to a father; fatherly  
His players view Coach Smith as a paternal figure.
10. erupt (v): to emerge violently; explode; discharge  
We watched the volcano erupt on TV.

## Vocabulary Tip

**W**ords that have the same Latin roots often have related meanings.

## 12.1 Comets

The paths of comets around the sun are far from circular. What path do comets take around the sun?

To answer the question, match each definition on the left with its word on the right. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its definition number at the bottom of the page. You will need to divide the letters into words.

### Definitions

1. male leader of a family or tribe \_\_\_\_\_
2. of diverse or different kinds; several \_\_\_\_\_
3. unexpectedly sudden; impulsive \_\_\_\_\_
4. a written record; certificate \_\_\_\_\_
5. to emerge violently; explode; discharge \_\_\_\_\_
6. a stream or river that flows into a larger stream or river \_\_\_\_\_
7. the quality or condition of being diverse; an assortment \_\_\_\_\_
8. of or pertaining to a father; fatherly \_\_\_\_\_
9. an idea; beliefs or principles; a rule \_\_\_\_\_
10. to give or supply \_\_\_\_\_

### Words

- R. abrupt
- T. variety
- E. tributary
- I. doctrine
- L. contribute
- O. patriarch
- B. paternal
- P. erupt
- A. document
- C. various

\_\_\_\_\_

6   10   10   9   5   7   9   2   4   10   1   3   8   9   7

## 12.2 King Tut

King Tut was a pharaoh (leader) of Egypt over 3,000 years ago. He was nine years old when he became pharaoh. What was King Tut's full name?

To answer the question, complete each sentence with the correct word. Choose your answers from the words that follow each sentence. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its sentence number at the bottom of the page. One letter is provided.

1. My grandfather is considered to be the \_\_\_\_\_ of our family.  
E. paternal      U. variety      A. patriarch
2. Every member of the group is expected to \_\_\_\_\_ to the project.  
R. erupt      K. contribute      N. document
3. The general stated his \_\_\_\_\_ for defending the country.  
S. document      R. tributary      N. doctrine
4. The child had a temper and was known for his \_\_\_\_\_ outbursts.  
A. abrupt      U. paternal      I. erupt
5. The students displayed a \_\_\_\_\_ of projects at the science fair.  
T. variety      L. various      S. tributary
6. We had to \_\_\_\_\_ all of our sources for our reports.  
S. abrupt      M. document      T. doctrine
7. A \_\_\_\_\_ often starts as a small stream.  
H. tributary      R. patriarch      M. contribute
8. Jim traced the \_\_\_\_\_ line of his family to his great-great grandfather.  
I. patriarch      S. tributary      E. paternal
9. The park ranger said that the geyser would \_\_\_\_\_ soon.  
A. abrupt      U. erupt      O. contribute
10. We checked a map and found \_\_\_\_\_ roads we could take to the stadium.  
M. paternal      T. various      E. variety

\_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_      N      \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_  
 5      9      10      4           2      7      1      6      8      3

## Words with Latin Roots, II

Use the words to answer  
page 6+7.



**M**any English words have roots that can be traced back to ancient Latin. Some Latin roots (with their meanings in parentheses) are *alt* (high), *hosp*, *host* (guest, host), *sign* (mark), *spec* (see), and *voc* (voice).

1. insignia (n): a badge of office, membership, or rank; an emblem

The members of the marching band wore an insignia on their sleeves.

2. altitude (n): the elevation of a thing above a surface

The plane cruised at an altitude of several thousand feet.

3. significant (adj): meaningful; important

Getting a driver's license is a significant event to most teenagers.

4. hospitable (adj): acting in a friendly and generous manner toward guests

Whenever we visit, Aunt Janet is very hospitable.

5. spectacle (n): a public display or performance; something great or showy

The clowns in the parade put on a great spectacle.

6. inspect (v): to examine carefully; to check

The mayor ordered the town's engineer to inspect the bridge for safety.

7. advocate (ăd' və kīt, kāt') (n): a person who argues for a cause; (ăd' və kāt') (v): to speak in favor or support of

Tess is an advocate for conservation.

I advocate conservation every chance I get.

8. hospital (n): an institution that provides medical care

Richard's knee surgery was performed in a hospital.

9. respect (n): having regard for worth; (v): to feel or show regard for

We should always treat other people with respect.

We should always respect others.

10. vocal (adj): of or pertaining to the voice

The child was very vocal and talked constantly.

### Vocabulary Tip

**U**nderstanding the meaning of the roots of words can help you to understand the meanings of the words.



## 13.1 An Imitator

This animal is known for being able to imitate sounds. What is this animal?

To answer the question, match each definition on the left with its word on the right. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its definition number at the bottom of the page.

### Definitions

1. an institution that provides medical care \_\_\_\_\_
2. meaningful; important \_\_\_\_\_
3. a badge of office, membership, or rank \_\_\_\_\_
4. having regard for worth \_\_\_\_\_
5. a public display or performance \_\_\_\_\_
6. to speak in favor or support of \_\_\_\_\_
7. of or pertaining to the voice \_\_\_\_\_
8. the elevation of a thing above a surface \_\_\_\_\_
9. acting in a friendly and generous manner toward guests \_\_\_\_\_
10. to examine carefully; to check \_\_\_\_\_

### Words

- O. significant
- D. spectacle
- I. vocal
- C. inspect
- G. hospital
- M. altitude
- K. respect
- R. hospitable
- N. insignia
- B. advocate

\_\_\_\_\_

8      2      10      4      7      3      1      6      7      9      5

## 13.2 A Barber's Son

The father of this comic strip character is a barber. Who is the character?

To answer the question, complete each sentence with the correct word.

Choose your answers from the words after the sentences. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its sentence number at the bottom of the page. You will need to divide the letters into words. One letter is provided.

1. In an effort to reduce injuries, Nick's parents \_\_\_\_\_ safety in school sports.
2. Lisa's mother is a nurse who works at a \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Cara is a \_\_\_\_\_ critic of animal abuse and often speaks out against it.
4. The halftime show at the football game was a grand \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The math project counts as much as a test and is a \_\_\_\_\_ part of our final grade.
6. The pilot increased the plane's \_\_\_\_\_ to fly over the storm.
7. The students \_\_\_\_\_ Mrs. Sanchez for her kindness and fairness.
8. The staff at our hotel was very \_\_\_\_\_ and made our stay delightful.
9. The \_\_\_\_\_ on his sleeve indicated Alberto's rank in the conservation corps.
10. After the big storm, I helped Dad \_\_\_\_\_ the house for damage.

### Answers

R. insignia	N. spectacle	C. hospitable	A. advocate	B. inspect
O. hospital	W. altitude	L. vocal	H. respect	E. significant

_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
8	7	1	9	3	I	5	10	9	2	6	4



# Words with Greek Roots, I

Use these words to answer  
pages 9 + 10.



**M**any English words have roots that stretch back to ancient Greece. Some Greek roots (with their meanings in parentheses) are *ast* (star), *chron* (time), *gen* (birth, race), *mech* (machine), and *soph* (wise).

1. progeny (n): children or descendants; offspring

Colonists came to the New World so that their progeny would have a chance for a better life.

2. astronomy (n): the study of space and all heavenly objects

Tony likes astronomy and enjoys learning about the stars and planets.

3. mechanic (n): someone skilled in using, making, or repairing machines

The mechanic repaired our car.

4. chronological (adj): arranged in order according to time; sequential

A time line is set in chronological order.

5. philosopher (n): a person who seeks wisdom and the truths of life

The philosopher sought knowledge and understanding.

6. generate (v): to bring into existence; to produce; to create

Power plants across the country generate electricity.

7. mechanism (n): a machine; a system of parts that work together like a machine

The starting mechanism of the pump malfunctioned and the basement flooded.

8. chronicle (n): a record of events in the order they occurred

The chronicle told of the experiences of the early settlers.

9. asteroid (n): a rocky celestial body smaller than a typical moon

Scientists believe that an asteroid crashed into the Earth and destroyed the dinosaurs.

10. sophisticated (adj): having acquired worldly knowledge; cosmopolitan; knowledgeable

Mrs. Larsen has traveled around the world and is very sophisticated.

## Vocabulary Tip

English words that have the same Greek roots often have related meanings.

## 14.1 Four Special Words

Four relatively common words in English end in *dous*. Two of them are *tremendous* and *stupendous*. What are the other two?

To answer the question, match each definition with its word. Choose your answers from the words after the definitions. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its definition number at the bottom of the page.

1. arranged in order according to time; sequential \_\_\_\_\_
2. a machine; a system of parts that work together like a machine \_\_\_\_\_
3. having acquired worldly knowledge; cosmopolitan; knowledgeable \_\_\_\_\_
4. to bring into existence; to produce; to create \_\_\_\_\_
5. children or descendants; offspring \_\_\_\_\_
6. a person who pursues wisdom and the truths of life \_\_\_\_\_
7. the scientific study of space and all heavenly objects \_\_\_\_\_
8. a record of events in the order they occurred \_\_\_\_\_
9. a rocky celestial body smaller than a typical moon \_\_\_\_\_
10. someone skilled in using, making, or repairing machines \_\_\_\_\_

### Answers

Z. generate    R. philosopher    U. mechanic    H. astronomy    S. chronicle  
A. mechanism    E. sophisticated    D. progeny    O. asteroid    N. chronological

<u>7</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>8</u>
<u>7</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>8</u>	

## 14.2 A One-of-a-Kind State

Of all the states, only Maine has this. What is it?

To answer the question, complete each sentence with the correct word.

Choose your answers from the words after the sentences. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its sentence number at the bottom of the page. You will need to divide the letters into words. Some letters are provided.

1. Scientists tracked an \_\_\_\_\_ that passed close by the Earth.
2. The \_\_\_\_\_ of the early colonists built a great nation.
3. Tara's grandfather uses windmills on his farm to \_\_\_\_\_ electricity.
4. Nicholas used a special \_\_\_\_\_ to remotely open the skylight.
5. For his history assignment, Mario listed the major events of the Civil War in \_\_\_\_\_ order, beginning with 1861.
6. Celeste's father works as a \_\_\_\_\_ and repairs cars.
7. A man who sought truth and wisdom, Socrates was a \_\_\_\_\_ of ancient Greece.
8. Rebecca kept a \_\_\_\_\_ of her family's journey to Oregon in 1846.
9. Mrs. Jones, our school's librarian, is very knowledgeable and \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Alex was thrilled when he received a telescope for his birthday because he likes \_\_\_\_\_.

### Answers

B. chronological M. progeny E. philosopher H. asteroid N. mechanic  
A. sophisticated S. generate W. chronicle L. astronomy T. mechanism

$\frac{\quad}{9}$     $\frac{\quad}{6}$     $\frac{\quad}{9}$     $\frac{\quad}{2}$     $\frac{\quad}{7}$     $\frac{\quad}{8}$     $\frac{I}{\quad}$     $\frac{\quad}{4}$     $\frac{\quad}{1}$

$\frac{O}{\quad}$     $\frac{\quad}{6}$     $\frac{\quad}{7}$     $\frac{\quad}{3}$     $\frac{Y}{\quad}$     $\frac{\quad}{10}$     $\frac{\quad}{10}$     $\frac{\quad}{9}$     $\frac{\quad}{5}$     $\frac{\quad}{10}$     $\frac{\quad}{7}$

## Words with Greek Roots, II

Use these words to answer  
pages 12 + 13.



**M**any English words have roots that stretch back to ancient Greece. Some Greek roots (with their meanings in parentheses) are *aero* (air), *dem* (people), *onym* (name), *ortho* (straight, right), and *path* (disease, feeling).

1. sympathy (n): a feeling or expression of sorrow; compassion  
Our sympathy goes out to the families whose homes were damaged in the storm.
2. orthodox (adj): accepting traditional or established views or beliefs; conventional  
Mr. Taylor teaches in a private school because he disagrees with the orthodox views of public education.
3. demography (n): the study of the characteristics of the human population of an area  
In social studies, we are learning about the demography of the United States.
4. aerial (adj): of, in, or pertaining to the air  
We watched exciting aerial performances at the air show.
5. empathy (n): understanding of another's feelings and motives  
Mrs. Lin's empathy is a reason she is an excellent guidance counselor.
6. pseudonym (n): a fictitious name used by an author; pen name  
Mark Twain was the pseudonym of Samuel Clemens.
7. epidemic (n): an outbreak of a contagious disease that spreads quickly; (adj): spreading quickly by infection; widespread  
The country suffered a flu epidemic last year.  
The flu was epidemic last year.
8. democracy (n): a form of government by the people either directly or through elected representatives  
The United States is a democracy in which the people elect their leaders.
9. orthodontist (n): a dentist who specializes in correcting abnormally aligned teeth  
Emily went to the orthodontist to get her braces.
10. anonymous (adj): having or bearing no name; of unknown authorship; unnamed  
The anonymous essay criticized the government.

### Vocabulary Tip

**U**nderstanding Greek roots is a key to understanding the meanings of many words we use today.

## 15.1 Canada

The name *Canada* is derived from an Iroquoian term. What did *Canada* originally mean?

To answer the question, match each definition with its word. Choose your answers from the words after each definition. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its definition number at the bottom of the page.

1. a form of government by the people either directly or through elected representatives \_\_\_\_\_  
E. sympathy      H. demography      L. democracy
2. of, in, or pertaining to the air \_\_\_\_\_  
O. epidemic      T. aerial      S. orthodox
3. having or bearing no name; of unknown authorship; unnamed \_\_\_\_\_  
S. aerial      M. anonymous      N. pseudonym
4. a dentist who specializes in correcting abnormally aligned teeth \_\_\_\_\_  
N. orthodontist      I. empathy      E. orthodox
5. a feeling or expression of sorrow; compassion \_\_\_\_\_  
A. empathy      E. sympathy      R. demography
6. accepting traditional or established views or beliefs; conventional \_\_\_\_\_  
U. sympathy      D. pseudonym      E. orthodox
7. an outbreak of a contagious disease that spreads quickly \_\_\_\_\_  
T. epidemic      E. aerial      M. empathy
8. a fictitious name used by an author; pen name \_\_\_\_\_  
R. anonymous      U. demography      E. pseudonym
9. understanding of another's feelings and motives \_\_\_\_\_  
T. sympathy      S. empathy      W. aerial
10. the study of the characteristics of the human population of an area \_\_\_\_\_  
T. demography      C. democracy      N. sympathy

9      5      7      10      1      8      3      6      4      2

## 15.2 A Story for All Ages

In the story "Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs," the names of five of the dwarfs are Happy, Grumpy, Sneezy, Sleepy, and Dopey. What are the names of the other two?

To answer the question, complete each sentence with the correct word. Choose your answers from the words after the sentences. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its sentence number at the bottom of the page. You will need to divide the letters into words. One letter is provided.

- In a \_\_\_\_\_, the people control their government either directly or by electing their leaders.
- The author did not use his real name and wrote his stories under a \_\_\_\_\_.
- Before modern medicine, an \_\_\_\_\_ could sicken millions of people.
- On our vacation, we flew in a helicopter for an \_\_\_\_\_ view of New York City.
- A person who lacks \_\_\_\_\_ often has trouble understanding others' feelings.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ caller gave the police the tip they needed to catch the thief.
- Jason decided to become an \_\_\_\_\_ to help people whose teeth are not straight.
- \_\_\_\_\_ is the study of the characteristics of the people of an area.
- Madison comes from an average family and has \_\_\_\_\_ opinions on most things.
- Megan felt \_\_\_\_\_ for her brother who sprained his ankle.

### Answers

- |              |             |             |                 |              |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|
| L. democracy | B. orthodox | U. epidemic | A. orthodontist | C. empathy   |
| F. anonymous | S. aerial   | O. sympathy | D. demography   | H. pseudonym |

\_\_\_\_\_ N \_\_\_\_\_  
 9    7    4    2    6    3    1    7       8    8    10    5



# Word List: spec = see, look

Words for page 15.

## Vocabulary

## Definitions

circumspect (adj)

careful to **look** at all possibilities before acting; cautious; aware of consequences

inspect (v)

to **look** at carefully in search of flaws

introspection (n)

the act of **looking** into one's own thoughts and feelings

perspective (n)

one way of **looking** at things

respect (v)

to **look** up to someone; to show honor

retrospective (adj)

**looking** back at past things

spectacle (n)

something displayed for the public to **see**

spectacles (n)

glasses that help someone **see** better

spectator (n)

a person who **watches** something, such as a sporting event

speculate (v)

to **look** at and think about something from different points of view

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

## Vocabulary Quiz: spec

Shade in the bubble for the correct word.

- (A) (B) (C) (D)
1. If you ever cross the border into another country, then you will see the border control agents doing this to people and vehicles.  
A) spectacles B) inspecting C) retrospective D) introspection
  2. These people at the baseball game organized a giant "wave."  
A) spectators B) spectacles C) perspectives D) circumspect
  3. Sometimes it's hard to do this when you are involved in the situation.  
A) introspection B) spectacle C) circumspect D) speculate
  4. The character in the story wore a pair of these to help him read the magic spells.  
A) retrospectives B) respect C) perspectives D) spectacles
  5. What should you always show to your parents?  
A) introspection B) circumspection C) inspections D) respect
  6. Your opinion on a decision without listening to others will probably only reflect your what?  
A) circumspect B) inspection C) perspective D) spectacles
  7. What are you practicing when you think hard about why you are sad or happy?  
A) introspection B) circumspection C) inspection D) spectacles
  8. In the courtroom, the jury thinks before acting. How do we describe this?  
A) circumspect B) introspect C) retrospect D) inspect
  9. This is also sometimes described by adults as "making a scene."  
A) spectacle B) introspection C) spectacles D) spectators
  10. Sometimes when a famous actor dies, there is this type of tribute on television that takes a look back at all of the actor's movies.  
A) retrospective B) introspection C) circumspection D) spectacle

Write the correct word on the line so the sentence makes sense.

11. The baby didn't mean to, but he made a \_\_\_\_\_ of himself when he threw his rattle across the quiet fancy restaurant.
12. The two-hour special feature was dedicated to pets around the world. It was a \_\_\_\_\_ documentary that looked back on how pets have been helping people for centuries.
13. Do you wear \_\_\_\_\_ to help you see better?
14. At the concert, you could hear the \_\_\_\_\_ singing along to every song with the band.
15. From your \_\_\_\_\_, who was the kindest character in the story?

# Word List: rupt = break

Words for page 17.

## Vocabulary

## Definitions

abrupt (adj)	sudden; unexpected; <b>broken</b> into what is expected
bankrupt (adj)	to be out of money; financially ruined; to " <b>break</b> the bank"
corrupt (adj)	evil; dishonest; to <b>break</b> away from honesty
corruptible (adj)	able to be influenced into doing something that <b>breaks</b> away from the rules; able to become bad
disrupt (v)	to <b>break</b> up; to cause confusion
disruption (n)	something that <b>breaks</b> someone's concentration; bothersome; annoying
erupt (v)	to explode; to <b>break</b> out with force
interrupt (v)	to <b>break</b> into someone's conversation
interruption (n)	something that <b>breaks</b> up what you were doing; an unplanned event that <b>breaks</b> up an activity
rupture (v)	to burst or <b>break</b> open (usually a body part)

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

# Vocabulary Quiz: rupt

Shade in the bubble for the correct word.

- (A) (B) (C) (D) 1. If this word describes a child, then the chances are good that the child is often in trouble.  
A) erupting B) ruptured C) bankrupt D) disruptive
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 2. What do volcanoes do as lava shoots out of the cone from deep within the core of the earth?  
A) rupture B) erupt C) interrupt D) corrupt
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 3. An honest child will not be this.  
A) bankrupt B) ruptures C) corruptible D) abrupt
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 4. Try not to do this to your parents while they are talking to you.  
A) interrupt B) corrupt C) erupt D) rupture
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 5. If this happens to your appendix, it could be deadly.  
A) rupture B) corrupt C) erupt D) disrupt
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 6. One day a cockroach ran through the classroom! Wow! It really did what to the class?  
A) disrupted B) corrupted C) bankrupted D) ruptured
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 7. Some people who end up in jail are punished for being this.  
A) interrupted B) erupted C) ruptured D) corrupt
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 8. Learning to save while you're young will help make sure that you don't end up like this one day.  
A) corrupt B) bankrupt C) erupted D) ruptured
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 9. Our reading lesson came to an \_\_\_\_\_ end when the fire alarm went off.  
A) abrupt B) corrupt C) erupted D) ruptured
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 10. A voice from the loudspeaker said, "Sorry for the \_\_\_\_\_, but will the owner of the black car please move it from the fire zone immediately?"  
A) corruption B) abrupt C) interruption D) rupture

Write the correct word on the line so the sentence makes sense.

11. If you scream in a person's ear, it can cause a \_\_\_\_\_ ear drum.
12. Many people feel that commercials \_\_\_\_\_ their favorite television shows.
13. Do not let other people \_\_\_\_\_ you. Stay honest!
14. The Planetary Problems show featured the \_\_\_\_\_ of three volcanoes.
15. The unruly student created a \_\_\_\_\_ and was quickly sent to the principal's office.



NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

Read and take notes.

## PREFIXES/SUFFIXES

### Introduction

A **prefix** is a letter or letters attached to the front of a word or root to create a new word (for example, *disown*, *pretext*, *belittle*). A **suffix** is a letter or letters attached to the end of a word or root to create a new word (for example, *helpful*, *manageable*).

By adding prefixes and suffixes to existing words, you can vastly expand your vocabulary. Learning the meanings of prefixes and suffixes will also help you to piece together the meanings of some unfamiliar words.

While you are reading, you can often figure out a word you don't know by breaking it down into its parts. For example, suppose you come across the word *inability* in your reading. You can decode the word by breaking it down into three parts (*in-abili-ty*):

1. *in-*, a prefix meaning "not" or "the opposite of"
2. *-abili-*, from *able*, a word meaning "having enough power or skill to do something"
3. *-ty*, a suffix meaning "a condition or quality"

When you look at the word parts, you realize that *inability* means "the condition of not having enough power or skill to do something."

The chart below lists several common prefixes and suffixes and explains what they mean. Study the chart so you can recall these meanings when you are reading a textbook or story. Knowledge of prefixes and suffixes will save you a lot of time when you are trying to decode words as you read.

Prefix	Meaning	Suffix	Meaning
<i>be-</i>	completely, excessively	<i>-er</i>	one that performs a certain task
<i>circum-</i>	around, about	<i>-est</i>	the most; forms the superlative degree
<i>dis-</i>	not	<i>-graph</i>	something written or drawn
<i>in-</i>	not, in, into, within	<i>-ly</i>	in the manner of
<i>pre-</i>	before, prior to	<i>-ment</i>	action, process
<i>un-</i>	opposite of	<i>-ness</i>	state, quality, degree
<i>re-</i>	again, anew	<i>-ology</i>	science, study
<i>non-</i>	not	<i>-ty</i>	condition, quality



# Prefixes, I

Use these words to complete pages 20+21.



**A** prefix is a word part placed at the beginning of a word that changes the word's meaning. Following are common prefixes and their meanings.

after—after    im—not    in—not    inter—among, between    over—too much

1. improper (adj): not suited to needs or circumstances; inappropriate  
Some students displayed improper behavior during the assembly.
2. international (adj): of, relating to, or involving two or more nations; worldwide  
International cooperation is needed to address the problem of global warming.
3. overbearing (adj): overwhelming in power or importance; arrogant; bossy  
Because of his overbearing personality, Jon usually gets his way.
4. impassable (adj): that which cannot be traveled over or through; blocked; impenetrable  
The snow-covered roads were impassable.
5. interstellar (adj): between or among the stars  
Interstellar space flight is not yet possible.
6. inaudible (adj): incapable of being heard  
The message over the loudspeaker was inaudible because of static.
7. aftereffect (n): an effect following a cause after a delay; a delayed result  
The cleanup that lasted for days was an aftereffect of the hurricane.
8. overdue (adj): expected or required but not come; late  
Delivery of the sweater Chloe ordered online was overdue.
9. indecision (n): the inability or reluctance to make up one's mind; hesitation  
Billy's indecision about auditioning for the school play cost him the lead role.
10. interact (v): to act on each other  
Oxygen and carbon interact to form many compounds.

## Vocabulary Tip

Prefixes are added in front of a root or base word.



## 16.1 First for a Postage Stamp

In 1902, this president's wife was the first American woman to be pictured on a U.S. postage stamp. Who was she?

To answer the question, match each definition with its word. Choose your answers from the words after the definitions. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its definition number at the bottom of the page. You will need to divide the letters into words. Some letters are provided.

1. between or among the stars \_\_\_\_\_
2. an effect that follows a cause after a delay; a delayed result \_\_\_\_\_
3. expected or required but not come; late \_\_\_\_\_
4. that which cannot be traveled over or through; blocked; impenetrable \_\_\_\_\_
5. incapable of being heard \_\_\_\_\_
6. not suited to needs or circumstances; inappropriate \_\_\_\_\_
7. overwhelming in power or importance; arrogant; bossy \_\_\_\_\_
8. of, relating to, or involving two or more nations; worldwide \_\_\_\_\_
9. to act on each other \_\_\_\_\_
10. the inability or reluctance to make up one's mind; hesitation \_\_\_\_\_

### Answers

T. overbearing   H. interact   W. indecision   S. aftereffect   M. international  
I. overdue   G. inaudible   R. interstellar   A. improper   O. impassable

\_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_   \_\_\_\_\_  
 8   6   1   7   9   6   10   6   2   9   3   N   5   7   4   N

## 16.2 Penguins

Penguins are unique among birds. What do penguins do and not do that makes them different from other birds?

To answer the question, complete each sentence with the correct word. Choose your answers from the words after the sentences. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its sentence number at the bottom of the page. You will need to divide the letters into words. Some letters are provided.

- Coming a few days later, the headaches were an \_\_\_\_\_ of the accident.
- The mountains seemed to be an \_\_\_\_\_ barrier, blocking the way west.
- Talking when others are speaking is \_\_\_\_\_ conduct.
- Ann forgot to return her library book and received an e-mail that it was \_\_\_\_\_.
- In science fiction, \_\_\_\_\_ travel is common.
- Due to a defect on the DVD, the sound of the movie was \_\_\_\_\_.
- Nan smiled as she watched the kitten and puppy \_\_\_\_\_ for the first time.
- Mr. Hendricks is an arrogant, \_\_\_\_\_ person who thinks he is always right.
- \_\_\_\_\_ on the parts of the mayor and the town council resulted in the new youth center not being built.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ conference on energy attracted scientists from around the world.

### Answers

T. improper    F. international    B. overbearing    I. impassable    M. inaudible  
Y. overdue    N. aftereffect    W. indecision    S. interact    L. interstellar

\_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    U    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    O    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_  
 7    9    2    6    8       3    1       3    10    5    4

## Prefixes, II



~~Use these pages for~~

**A** Use these words for pages 23 + 24:  
prefix is a word part placed at the beginning of a word that changes the word's meaning. Following are common prefixes and their meanings.

be—make    il—not    ir—not    mal—bad    re—back

1. malfunction (n): a breakdown; a failure; (v): to fail to work or operate properly  
An equipment malfunction at the electric company caused a major power outage.  
A software glitch caused Rudy's computer to malfunction.
2. illiterate (adj): unable to read and write; untaught; unschooled  
In some countries, many people are illiterate.
3. belittle (v): to represent or speak of as unimportant; disparage  
A bully will often try to belittle others.
4. recede (v): to move back or away from; withdraw; retreat; ebb  
The flood waters are expected to recede after a few days.
5. besiege (v): to surround with troops; to harass as with offers or requests  
The enemy planned to besiege the castle.
6. irresistible (adj): impossible to resist; overpowering; overwhelming  
The irresistible donuts made Sam's mouth water.
7. illogical (adj): contradicting or disregarding sense; irrational  
Ignoring the size of the coming storm, Tom's decision not to leave the island was illogical.
8. irresponsible (adj): lacking a sense of responsibility; unreliable; undependable  
Whenever Ryan loses his temper, he acts in an irresponsible manner.
9. irregular (adj): lacking uniformity; occurring at unequal intervals; abnormal; uneven  
Uncle Ed takes medication to control an irregular heartbeat.
10. refurbish (v): to make clean or fresh again; renovate; renew  
Deena helped her father refurbish the old cabinet.

### Vocabulary Tip

Understanding the meaning of its prefix can help you understand the meaning of a word.

## 17.1 Mercury

Mercury is an element. It is the only common metal that has this characteristic. What characteristic sets mercury apart from other metals?

To answer the question, match each definition with its word. Choose your answers from the words after the definitions. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its definition number at the bottom of the page. You will need to divide the letters into words. Some letters are provided.

1. contradicting or disregarding sense; irrational \_\_\_\_\_
2. to move back or away from; withdraw; retreat; ebb \_\_\_\_\_
3. impossible to resist; overpowering; overwhelming \_\_\_\_\_
4. a breakdown; a failure \_\_\_\_\_
5. to make clean or fresh again; renovate; renew \_\_\_\_\_
6. lacking a sense of responsibility; unreliable; undependable \_\_\_\_\_
7. unable to read and write; untaught; unschooled \_\_\_\_\_
8. lacking uniformity; occurring at unequal intervals; abnormal; uneven \_\_\_\_\_
9. to represent or speak of as unimportant; disparage \_\_\_\_\_
10. to surround with troops; to harass as with offers or requests \_\_\_\_\_

### Answers

R. recede	A. refurbish	I. irregular	U. irresponsible	L. belittle
M. illogical	E. besiege	O. illiterate	Q. malfunction	T. irresistible

D

9   8   4   6   8   5   3

P

2   7   7   1   3   10   1   10   2   5   3   6   2   10

## 17.2 Goldfish

Bert, of *Sesame Street* fame, has three goldfish. One is named Melissa. What are the names of the other two?

To answer the question, find the word that means about the same as each word below. Choose your answers from the choices after each word. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its word's number at the bottom of the page. You will need to divide the letters into words. Some letters are provided.

- |                   |                 |                 |                 |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. belittle:      | N. irrational   | L. disparage    | S. renovate     |
| 2. malfunction:   | R. harass       | U. overpowering | L. breakdown    |
| 3. illogical:     | E. unreliable   | A. withdraw     | D. irrational   |
| 4. refurbish:     | T. renew        | O. uneven       | N. retreat      |
| 5. irresponsible: | O. unreliable   | I. unimportant  | A. failure      |
| 6. irregular:     | E. renovate     | Y. abnormal     | H. ebb          |
| 7. besiege:       | T. senseless    | N. surround     | C. uneven       |
| 8. recede:        | M. breakdown    | R. disregard    | T. withdraw     |
| 9. illiterate:    | L. unschooled   | H. overpowering | M. undependable |
| 10. irresistible: | B. overpowering | C. disparage    | R. abnormal     |

\_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    E    A    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    A    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_    \_\_\_\_\_  
 9      6      1                      7      3      8                      2      10      5      4

# Suffixes, I

Use these words for pages 26 + 27.



**A** suffix is a word part placed at the end of a word. Suffixes add to the meaning of words to which they are added. Following are some common suffixes.

an—relating to      ance—state or quality of      ary, ory—place for  
ious—state or quality of      ous—full of

1. nervous (adj): easily excited; high-strung; apprehensive

No matter how much she studies, Carrie is always nervous before tests.

2. annoyance (n): something that bothers; irritation; exasperation

My little sister can be a huge annoyance, especially when I have friends over.

3. laboratory (n): a place equipped for conducting scientific experiments or research; lab

Sharyn's mother is a scientist and works in a laboratory.

4. ambitious (adj): eager to achieve; purposeful

Jasmine is ambitious and works hard to succeed.

5. veteran (n): a person who has served long in a cause or position; (adj): experienced; knowledgeable

My grandfather is an army veteran.

My aunt is a veteran police officer.

6. resistance (n): an act of opposition; defiance

Once he was surrounded by the police, the robber offered no resistance.

7. nutritious (adj): providing nourishment; nourishing

Mom makes sure all our meals are nutritious.

8. infirmary (n): a place for care of the sick or injured; a small hospital, especially in another building

When my sister twisted her ankle at camp, she went to the infirmary.

9. wondrous (adj): wonderful; astonishing; marvelous; spectacular

The rainbow curving over the valley was wondrous.

10. urban (adj): of or located in a city; characteristic of city life; metropolitan

Khalil prefers living in an urban area rather than a small town.

## Vocabulary Tip

Learning the meanings of suffixes can help you understand the meanings of words.



## 18.1 Colonial Newspaper Editor

In the early 1760s, Rhode Islander Ann Franklin became the first woman to hold the title of newspaper editor. What publication did she edit?

To answer the question, match each definition with its word. Choose your answers from the words after the definitions. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its definition number at the bottom of the page. Some letters are provided.

1. eager to achieve; purposeful \_\_\_\_\_
2. providing nourishment; nourishing \_\_\_\_\_
3. an act of opposition; defiance \_\_\_\_\_
4. easily excited; high-strung; apprehensive \_\_\_\_\_
5. of or located in a city; characteristic of city life; metropolitan \_\_\_\_\_
6. a place for care of the sick or injured; a small hospital \_\_\_\_\_
7. wonderful; astonishing; marvelous; spectacular \_\_\_\_\_
8. a person who has served long in a cause or position \_\_\_\_\_
9. something that bothers; irritation; exasperation \_\_\_\_\_
10. a place equipped for conducting scientific experiments or research \_\_\_\_\_

### Answers

W. nervous	T. wondrous	H. laboratory	M. veteran	C. urban
E. annoyance	P. ambitious	O. infirmary	R. resistance	Y. nutritious

7	10	9	N	2	4	1	6	3	7	8	9	3	5	U	3	2
---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

## 18.2 A Crayon Milestone

The Crayola company has produced billions of crayons. What was the special name of the hundred billionth crayon made by Crayola?

To answer the question, find the word or phrase that means about the same as each word below. Choose your answers from the choices that follow each word. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its word's number at the bottom of the page. You will need to divide the letters into words.

- |                |                   |                 |                     |
|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1. resistance: | E. spectacular    | O. apprehensive | I. defiance         |
| 2. infirmary:  | S. very eager     | E. high-strung  | N. small hospital   |
| 3. wondrous:   | B. marvelous      | M. defiance     | R. experienced      |
| 4. laboratory: | A. opposition     | E. lab          | I. knowledgeable    |
| 5. nutritious: | O. nourishing     | S. astonishing  | M. irritation       |
| 6. ambitious:  | I. wonderful      | R. purposeful   | N. in a city        |
| 7. veteran:    | A. exasperation   | Y. metropolitan | U. experienced      |
| 8. nervous:    | B. easily excited | V. spectacular  | G. eager to achieve |
| 9. annoyance:  | R. defiance       | L. irritation   | I. spectacular      |
| 10. urban:     | S. exasperation   | B. metropolitan | M. astonishing      |

8

9

7

4

6

1

10

3

5

2

# Suffixes, II

Use these words for pages 29 + 30.



**A** suffix is a word part placed at the end of a word. Suffixes add to the meaning of words to which they are added. Following are some common suffixes.

ade—action or process    ence—state or quality of    ify—to make  
ity, ty—state or quality of    ulent—full of

1. blockade (n): the closing of a place such as a city or harbor by hostile forces; barrier; (v): to close off an area

The blockade cut off the city's supplies.

During the Civil War, the North tried to blockade the South's ports.

2. necessity (n): something essential; of urgent need; requirement

Food is a necessity of life.

3. unity (n): the condition of being one; singleness of purpose or action; union; solidarity

Countries around the world must work in unity to save the Earth's resources.

4. fraudulent (adj): deceitful; deceptive; dishonest

The contract my grandmother signed for home repairs was fraudulent.

5. vilify (v): to defame; to denigrate; to slander

Some political candidates would rather vilify their opponents than discuss the issues.

6. turbulent (adj): greatly agitated; stirred-up; tumultuous

The turbulent river was ideal for white-water rafting.

7. violence (n): physical, damaging force; fury; intensity; fighting

The violence of the tornado was indescribable.

8. amnesty (n): a general pardon granted by a government; pardon

The government offered amnesty to all rebels who stopped fighting.

9. absence (n): the state of being away; nonattendance; lack; shortcoming

Jacob's absence was caused by the flu.

10. terrify (v): to fill with extreme fear; to frighten; to alarm

Thunderstorms terrify our dog.

## Vocabulary Tip

Some suffixes change a word's part of speech. The suffix *ulent*, for example, added to the noun *fraud* makes the adjective *fraudulent*.

## 19.1 Play Ball!

On September 14, 1990, this father and son became the only father and son to hit back-to-back homeruns in a major league baseball game. Who are they?

To answer the question, match each definition with its word. Choose your answers from the words after the definitions. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its definition number at the bottom of the page. Some letters are provided.

1. greatly agitated; stirred-up; tumultuous \_\_\_\_\_
2. a general pardon granted by a government \_\_\_\_\_
3. to fill with extreme fear; to frighten; to alarm \_\_\_\_\_
4. the closing of a place such as a city or harbor by hostile forces; barrier \_\_\_\_\_
5. deceitful; deceptive; dishonest \_\_\_\_\_
6. to defame; to denigrate; to slander \_\_\_\_\_
7. the condition of being one; singleness of purpose or action \_\_\_\_\_
8. something essential; of urgent need; requirement \_\_\_\_\_
9. the state of being away; nonattendance; lack; shortcoming \_\_\_\_\_
10. physical, damaging force; fury; intensity; fighting \_\_\_\_\_

### Answers

R. blockade	F. necessity	G. vilify	Y. amnesty	J. absence
K. fraudulent	I. turbulent	E. terrify	O. violence	N. unity

5	3	7	6	4	1	8	8	3	2
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

9	U	7	1	10	4	A	7	D	S	3	7	1	10	4
---	---	---	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	---

## 19.2 West of the Mississippi

Born in Iowa, this president was the first president to be born west of the Mississippi River. Who was he?

To answer the question, find the word or phrase that has a similar meaning to each word below. Choose your answers from the words or phrases after each word. Write the letter of each answer in the space above its word's number at the bottom of the page. You will need to divide the letters into words. Some letters are provided.

- |                 |                |                   |                  |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. absence:     | A. tumultuous  | H. solidarity     | E. nonattendance |
| 2. necessity:   | O. slander     | E. requirement    | N. alarm         |
| 3. vilify:      | R. defame      | S. deceptive      | A. agitated      |
| 4. amnesty:     | S. shortcoming | A. denigrate      | V. pardon        |
| 5. turbulent:   | O. frighten    | R. stirred-up     | M. urgent need   |
| 6. blockade:    | D. lack        | N. physical force | R. barrier       |
| 7. violence:    | O. fighting    | I. frighten       | E. dishonest     |
| 8. unity:       | A. damaging    | H. solidarity     | J. pardon        |
| 9. terrify:     | H. frighten    | L. defame         | D. union         |
| 10. fraudulent: | E. requirement | A. very agitated  | B. deceitful     |

\_   \_   \_   \_   E   \_   T   \_   \_   O   \_   \_   \_  
 8   1   5   10   3   9   7   4   2   6

# Word List: mis-

mis-

bad or badly, wrong

Words for page 32.

## Vocabulary

## Definitions

misbehave (v)

to act out **badly** or in the **wrong** way

mischievous (adj)

tending to make minor **bad** choices; teasing; full of tricks; naughty

miserable (adj)

feeling **badly**; the condition of feeling unhappy

misfortune (n)

**bad** luck

misjudge (v)

to make a **wrong** or unfair decision about someone

mislead (v)

to guide someone into the **wrong** direction; to be a **bad** influence

misspell (v)

to spell a word the **wrong** way

mistake (n)

a **bad** or **wrong** decision; error

mistreat (v)

to treat someone **badly**

misunderstand (v)

to think the **wrong** thing about what was communicated



Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

## Vocabulary Quiz: mis-

Shade in the bubble for the correct word.

- (A) (B) (C) (D) 1. A child who behaved like this could also be called "naughty."  
A) mischievously B) misleading C) mistreated D) misunderstood
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 2. If you decide who your friends are based on how they look, then you will often \_\_\_\_\_ who people really are.  
A) mischievous B) mistreat C) misjudge D) mislead
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 3. One Monday morning, Trixie spilled her hot chocolate, fell and cut her finger, then lost her homework. What was the day full of?  
A) misfortune B) mistreatment C) misunderstanding D) misleading
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 4. Carly was ignored by her friends for something they assumed she had done. How did she feel?  
A) mistreated B) mislead C) mischievous D) mistaken
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 5. When you forget to write the letter *e* at the end of the word *mistake*, what have you done to the word?  
A) misspell B) mispronounce C) misjudge D) misunderstand
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 6. These should always be thought of as learning opportunities.  
A) misjudgments B) mistakes C) misleads D) misadventures
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 7. Cheyenne is sick in bed with a head cold. How might she be feeling?  
A) misjudged B) miserable C) misunderstood D) mistreated
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 8. Roxy thought her mom told her the keys were by the drink, but she had really told Roxy they were by the sink. What happened?  
A) misadventure B) mistreatment C) misunderstanding D) misjudged
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 9. While on the trail, Callie thought she knew which way to turn. The hikers ended up lost. What did Callie do to them?  
A) mislead B) misbehavior C) mischievous D) mistreat
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 10. Children who do this are usually punished in school and at home.  
A) misbehave B) misjudge C) misinform D) misunderstand

Write the correct word on the line so the sentence makes sense.

11. People who \_\_\_\_\_ animals should never be allowed to have pets.
12. "Did I \_\_\_\_\_ you, or did you say that we could go to lunch five minutes early?"
13. The tour guide checked the map so he wouldn't make a \_\_\_\_\_ and get us lost.
14. The little sister in the story was so \_\_\_\_\_ that she was always getting herself into trouble.
15. What do you think the part **fortune** means in the word *misfortune*? \_\_\_\_\_

# Word List: -ian, -or

-ian, -or      a person who

\*words for page 34

Vocabulary	Definitions
centenarian (n)	<b>a person who</b> is at least 100 years old
dictator (n)	<b>a person who</b> tells people what to do without giving them choices
governor (n)	<b>a person who</b> manages the political actions of a state; a state leader
inventor (n)	<b>a person who</b> creates something that has never before been created
juror (n)	<b>a person who</b> is a member of a jury that listens to both sides of a law case in a courtroom to decide if the defendant is guilty or innocent
legislator (n)	<b>a person who</b> makes laws
librarian (n)	<b>a person who</b> works in a library
octogenarian (n)	<b>a person who</b> is between 80 and 90 years old
translator (n)	<b>a person who</b> changes one language into another; <b>a person who</b> "cuts across" the language barrier
veterinarian (n)	<b>a person who</b> is a doctor of animal science

# Vocabulary Quiz: -ian, -or

Shade in the bubble for the correct word.

- (A) (B) (C) (D) 1. In history, this person who rules by force and power has not been viewed as a fair leader, since the people in the land have no choices.  
 A) dictator B) governor C) librarian D) legislator
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 2. This person sat in a courtroom for three days to listen to the lawyers state their cases. The person helped decide the future of another person.  
 A) dictator B) librarian C) juror D) translator
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 3. This person may save the life of one of your pets one day.  
 A) veterinarian B) translator C) juror D) centenarian
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 4. What would you call a person who helps you understand what a French person is trying to tell you while visiting Paris, France?  
 A) veterinarian B) legislator C) governor D) translator
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 5. This is the person who can help you find books for a report at the library.  
 A) librarian B) veterinarian C) inventor D) legislator
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 6. Granny Gums is 88 years old. She'll only be one of these for two more years.  
 A) centenarian B) librarian C) octogenarian D) governor
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 7. Someday you could be one of these if you believe that "anything is possible" and you like to create things.  
 A) legislator B) inventor C) translator D) centenarian
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 8. If you like to be in charge, perhaps one day you will be one of these.  
 A) translator B) librarian C) centenarian D) governor
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 9. Do you like to make rules? Rules are like laws. Perhaps one day you will be one of these.  
 A) veterinarian B) legislator C) octogenarian D) translator
- (A) (B) (C) (D) 10. Some news channels put the birthday pictures of these special people on television to help them celebrate their 100th birthdays.  
 A) octogenarian B) legislators C) veterinarians D) centenarians

Finish each analogy.

11. octogenarian : 80 :: \_\_\_\_\_ : 100
12. teacher : rules :: \_\_\_\_\_ : laws
13. doctor : humans :: veterinarian : \_\_\_\_\_
14. librarian : \_\_\_\_\_ :: translator : languages
15. juror : listens :: \_\_\_\_\_ : designs